Correction Model of the HSS Exam (2 points on each correct answer)

- 1. **Psychology** is the scientific study of mind and behavior. Psychology includes the study of conscious and unconscious phenomena, including feelings and thoughts. It is an academic discipline of immense scope, crossing the boundaries between the natural and social sciences.
- **2. Psychologist** A professional practitioner or researcher involved in the discipline of psychology.
- **3. Intention** Intentions are mental states in which the agent commits themselves to a course of action. Having the plan to visit the zoo tomorrow is an example of an intention.
- **4. Behavior** Behavior (American English) or **behaviour** (British English) is the range of actions and mannerisms made by individuals, organisms, systems or artificial entities in some environment.
- **5. Unconscious mind** a part of the psyche outside the individual's awareness but that is believed to influence conscious thought and behavior, was a hallmark of early psychology.
- 6. Motivation According to drive theory, the forces of instinct combine into a single source of energy which exerts a constant influence. Psychoanalysis, like biology, regarded these forces as demands originating in the nervous system.
- 7. Covert Behavior is any behavior that is not obviously apparent to others. It can include things like hiding emotions, withholding information, or disguising one's true intentions.

8. Conscious Behavior Conscious behavior is behavior that is intentional and purposeful. It happens as a result of conscious thought and decision-making, not out of reflex or habit.

- 8. Prospective Intentions Prospective intentions, also known as "prior intentions", involve plans for the future. They can be subdivided according to how far they plan ahead
- **9. Immediate Intentions** are intentions that guide the agent while they are performing the action in question.