	Ministry of Hig	gher Education a	nd Scientific Research	
University Abbes Lag	hrour	Discourse A	nalysis	Dr. Zoulaikha Elbah
Khenchela – Alger	ia			First Year
Faculty of Letters and	Languages			Master's Degree
Department of Er	nglish		Tiı	me allotted: 1 H 30 Min
Inscription Numb	er F	Full Name	Group Number	Signature
•••		•••	•••	•••
	See	cond Semeste	er Exam	
- Answer the following				
Ũ	erms and give exan	nnles:		
Social Identity:				
Social Identity				
Example:				
Language Variation:				
Example:				
L'ampic.				
2- Analyse the followin	na dialogue usina F	Ivmes Sneaking N	Model	
Tomato seller: Good m	0 0 0	• • •	viouci.	
	• •	•	all the baskets on the floo	or)
	•	-	y baskets? One or two? (b	
pick two baskets).				
House wife: How much	h per basket cost? (L	Looks at other tom	ato sellers)	
Tomato seller: 1000 ea	-			
House wife: Its very ex				
		-	me rate yesterday, but tod	ay, hmm, the rate is very
high in the market, even	n if you go elsewher	e, that is how they	sell too. Things are expendent	nsive ooo (nodding)
House wife: (sighs) Wh	nat about pepper? He	ow much?		
Tomato seller: It's 150	0 for one basket, it	is quite fresh ver	ry fresh.	
House wife: Everything				
Tomato seller: Yes ood				
House wife: It's very ha			ANALVEIS OF A SEL	ECTED DADCAIN DI
SCOURSE_USING_DI			_ANALYSIS_OF_A_SEL	
			<u></u>	
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3. E ()	••••••			
4. A ()				
`````				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••••	·····	·····	·····
6. I ()				
	<u> </u>			

7. N ()	•••••
8. G ()	

# **3-** Analyse the following dialogue for locutions, illocutions, and perlocutions (Give two examples for

#### each). Write them in the table below (6 points)

Mary: Which book have you chosen to read?

Jane: I've not decided yet. In fact, I'm confused.

**Mary:** I advise you to buy Brown and Yule *Discourse Analysis* (1983). It is written in an easy style, and includes the most important points we need to know in discourse analysis.

**Jane:** But, I have been advised to buy van Dijk's *Text and Context: Explorations in the Semantics and Pragmatics*. Isn't it good?

Mary: Of course, it is. But, as a beginner, you have to read an introductory book first.

Jane: Oh! I see. Thanks. I'll follow your advice.

r	ſext	Locution	Illocution	Perlocution
		••••••	•••••	•••••
		••••••	••••••	••••••
		•••••	•••••	••••••
		••••••	••••••	•••••
-	Which maxims are being vio	lated or flouted in the	e following dialogues	? Indicate, if any, the
on	versational implicature in each c	ase. (6 points)		
•	A: How much have you paid for	this car?		
	<b>B:</b> It requires reparation.			
•••				
•••				
•••				
•	Teacher: How many seasons are			
	Pupil: Winter, Autumn, Spring,	and Summer. Summer	is too hot.	
•••				
•••				
•••		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····
•	<b>Teacher:</b> Name four principal ag			ean climatic region.
	Student: olives, pomegranates, o	branges, fig, pears, and	grapes.	
•••		••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••
•••		•••••	•••••	
•••	Contact: this conversation take	a nlago hotwoon o jok	logg hughand and hig	wifa
•	<b>Context: this conversation take</b> <b>Husband:</b> Hi, sweetheart.	s place between a joi	ness nusband and ms	s whe.
	Wife: Hi. You're too late. Where	have you been?		
			uch work lately	
	Husband: At work as usual. We	-	-	
•••				
•••		••••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
•••				Best of Luc

#### Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research

**Discourse Analysis** 

**University Abbes Laghrour** 

Khenchela – Algeria

Faculty of Letters and Languages

**Department of English** 

## Exam Answer Key

### 1- Explain these terms and give examples: (4 Pts)

#### Social Identity: (1.5)

It is to belong to a certain social **group** (ideology) and act accordingly. A social identity takes place by reference to a given social category: race, gender, geographical location, age, ethnicity, social class, religion, etc. Social identities or ideologies exist in opposition to other ones.

#### **Example: (0.5)**

Women vs. men, poor vs. rich, Algerian vs. French, believers vs. non-believers, old generation vs. new generation, etc.

#### Language Variation: (1.5)

It refers to variation **<u>among</u>** and **<u>within</u>** languages at all levels: codes, dialects, spelling, syntax, pronunciation, register, accent, vocabulary, etc.

#### Example: (0.5)

Variation **among languages**: French, English, Arabic, etc.

Variation **within a given language**: American English vs. British English, different accents, different registers, etc.

#### 2- Analyse the following dialogue using Hymes Speaking Model. (4 Pts/ 0.5 each)

1. S (Setting)	Time: in the morning. Place: The street/ market/ grocery.
2. P (Participants)	A tomato seller and a house wife
3. E (Ends)	Sell and buy tomato and pepper.
4. A (Acts)	A sequence of acts: to greet, to ask, to answer, to negotiate, to complain, etc.
5. K (Key)	Formal tone and persuasive tone.
6. I (Instrumentalities)	Spoken discourse and non-linguistic behavior (bends forward, sighs, nodding)
7. N (Norms)	Both speakers have respected the specific properties of a seller-customer conversation
8. G (Genre)	Transactional conversation.

**3-** Analyse the following dialogue for locutions, illocutions, and perlocutions (Give two examples for each). Write them in the table below (6 points).

Text	Locution	Illocution	Perlocution
Mary: But, as a beginner,	To utter or The act of	To advise	To convince
you have to read an	UTTERING the	(1 pt)	(1 pt)
introductory book first.	expression "But, as a		
	beginner, you have to read		
	an introductory book first"		
	(1 pt)		
Mary: It is written in an easy	To utter or The act of	To argue	To convince
style, and includes the most	UTTERING the	(1 pt)	(1 pt)
important points we need to	expression "It is written in		
know in discourse analysis.	an easy style, and includes		
	the most important points		

Dr. Zoulaikha Elbah First Year Master's Degree Time allotted: 1 H 30 Min

we need to know in	
discourse analysis" (1 pt)	

### N.B: There are many possible answers.

4-	Which maxims are being violated or flouted in the following dialogues? Indicate, if any, the
conver	sational implicature in each case. (6 points)

A: How much have you paid for this car?
B: It requires reparation.

### The maxim of <u>relation</u> (relevance) is flouted. (1pt)

Conversational implicature: B doesn't want to disclose his financial situation. (0.5pt)

2. Teacher: How many seasons are there?

Pupil: Winter, Autumn, Spring, and Summer. Summer is too hot.

### The maxim of manner is violated

### (1.5 pt)

**3. Teacher:** Name four principal agricultural products grown in the Mediterranean climatic region. **Student:** olives, pomegranates, oranges, fig, pears, and grapes.

### The maxim of quantity is violated.

(1.5 pt)

4. Context: this conversation takes place between a jobless husband and his wife. Husband: Hi, sweetheart.

Wife: Hi. You're too late. Where have you been?

Husband: At work as usual. We have been doing so much work lately.

### The maxim of quality is violated.

(1.5 pt)